CompSci 4
Chap 5 Sec 2
Oct 16, 2007

Prof. Susan Rodger



#### Announcements

- Read Chapter 6 Tips and tech for next time
  - Randomness
- Assignment 5
  - Part 1 and 2, due next week
- Prof Rodger no office hours rest of this week
- Today Lecture on Chap 5, Sec 2
  - Event-handlers with parameters
  - Classwork

## Mouse Clicks

- Interactive programs allow user to mouse click an object
  - Buttons in an interface
  - Targets in a game
  - Checklist of items on a form
- Will see how to pass information about a mouse clicked object to an event handler

## Example

- People are trapped in a burning building
- Select which person will be rescued



## Storyboard

- Three people are to be rescued
- Could write 3 different methods

Event: click on guy1

**Responding Method:** 

Save guy on first floor

Event: click on girl2

**Responding Method:** 

Save girl on second floor

Event: click on girl3

**Responding Method:** 

Save girl on third floor

## A Better Solution

- Write one event handler
- Send in information needed for action

#### firetruck.savePerson:

parameters: whichFloor, whichPerson, howFar

Do in order

point ladder at whichFloor extend ladder howFar meters whichPerson slides down ladder to fire truck pull ladder back howFar meters

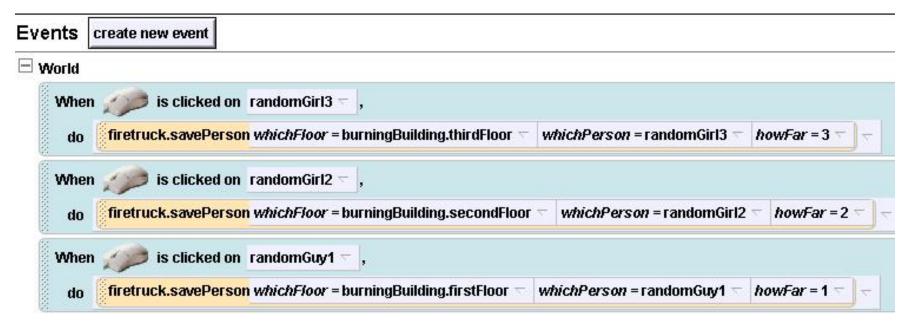
What type are the parameters?

### Demo

• Demonstration of burning building and setting up events for *firetruck.savePerson* 

## Three Events

 The argument sent to parameters depends on which person is mouse clicked



• Note - we positioned fire truck so distance from floor X is X meters (to floor 3 is 3 meters)

# Example 2 – put events in

- Zeus was a powerful god in Greek mythology. When Zeus was angry, he would shoot a thunderbolt out of the heavens to strike anyone who got in the way
- The user will choose the philosopher who will be the next target of Zeus' anger.



## Storyboard

• Possible design – method with Object parameter named *who*, for object clicked

Event: an object is mouse-clicked

**Event handler**: *shootBolt* 

**Parameter**: who – object clicked

Do in order

prepare to strike object that was clicked thunder plays and lightning strikes object clicked lightning is repositioned for next strike

- The actions in storyboard are complex
- Break actions into simpler steps using stepwise refinement

Event: an object is mouse-clicked

**Event handler**: *shootBolt* 

**Parameter**: *who* – object clicked

Do in order

prepare to strike object that was clicked thunder plays and lightning strikes object clicked lightning is repositioned for next strike

#### prepareToShoot

Parameter: target

Do together

turn Zeus to face the *target* make the lightning bolt visible

#### lightning and Thunder:

**Parameter:** *target* 

Do together

play sound

call specialEffects method

- send target

#### specialEffects:

parameter: target Do in order Do together lightning bolt move to target smoke move to target Do together set smoke to visible set lightning to invisible call smoke cycle – built-in method set target color to black

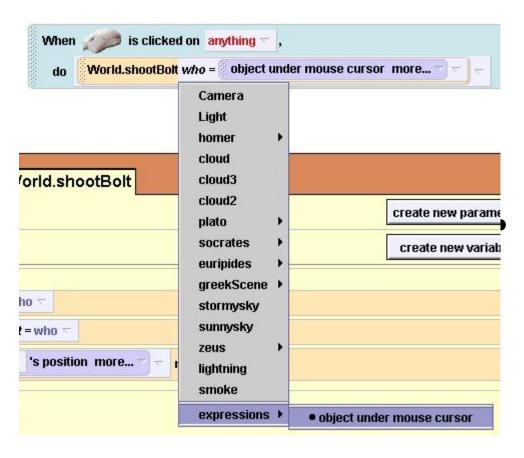
move target up and down

## A Driver

- shootBolt method top level of our design
- It calls other methods and controls the overall action of the program we call this a **driver**



## One Link



In the fire rescue
example, we used
three links – one for
each person in the
burning building.

In this example, we use only one link by selecting "object under mouse cursor" as the argument.

## Demo

- Test run of Zeus world (this version doesn't have the if statements from Chap 6 added in)
- When parameters are used in interactive programming especially important to test that all possible parameter values work as expected
  - What happens if you click on each philosopher, one at a time?
- Also try things that shouldn't work
  - What happens if you click on a column?
  - What happens if you click on a philosopher twice?
  - What happens if you click on Zeus?

## Classwork today

- Create 2 worlds (or can combine them)
  - Problem 14, page 140
  - Problem 15, page 141 (can use any person)



