

CompSci 4
Chap 4 Sec 3
Sep 20, 2007

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Announcements

- Assignment 3 is due midnight today
 - Turn in zip file with 2 Alice worlds and README text file
 - Need a web page with 2 snapshots and explanation for the 2cd Alice world
- Assignment 4 out today
- Skipping Chapter 5 (will come back to it)
- Read Chapter 6.1 for next class
- Reading Quiz

Animated Actions

- Some actions are more naturally associated with a specific class of objects rather than the overall world
- Examples
 - A person walking
 - A wheel rolling
 - A fish swimming



Class-level Methods

- Write a method to add abilities/functions to a specific class of objects
 - Class-level method
 - NOT world-level method
- Now show how to build class-level method

An Example

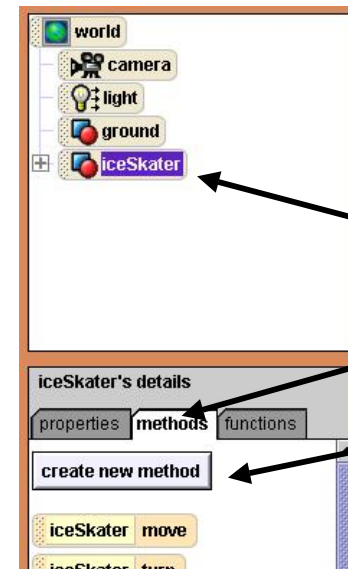
- How can we create a skate method for ice skater objects?



We need to:

- 1) Associate the new method with an ice skater
- 2) Write the new method to animate the ice skater

The solution



To associate the animation with the ice skater

- Select iceSkater tile in Object Tree
- Select methods tab in details area
- Click on “create new method” button

Storyboard for *skate*

Skate:

Do Together

move skater forward 2 meters

Do in order

slide on left leg

slide on right leg

- The **slide** actions

- Require several motion instructions
- We'll break these two actions into smaller pieces
- Technique is **stepwise refinement**

Refined storyboard for skate

Skate:

Do Together

move forward 2 meters

Do in order

slideLeft

slideRight

slideLeft:

Do in order

lift right leg and turn upper body forward

lower right leg and return body upright

slideRight:

Do in order

lift left leg and turn upper body forward

lower left leg and return body upright

Writing the code

- Next step – translate design into code
- For *slideLeft*, possible translation is:

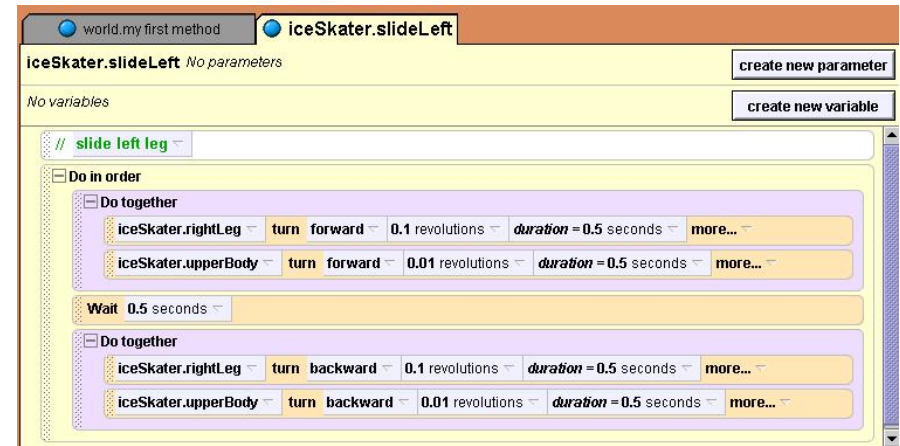
Design Step

Lift the right leg
Turn upper body forward
Lower the right leg
Return the body upright

Instruction

Turn the right leg forward
Turn upper body forward
Turn the right leg backward
Turn the upper body backward

SlideLeft and Demo



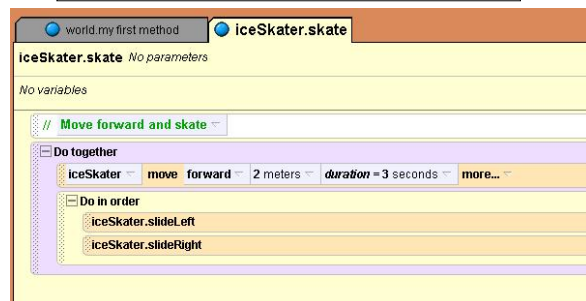
Where is wait?



Correspondence of design to code

Skate:

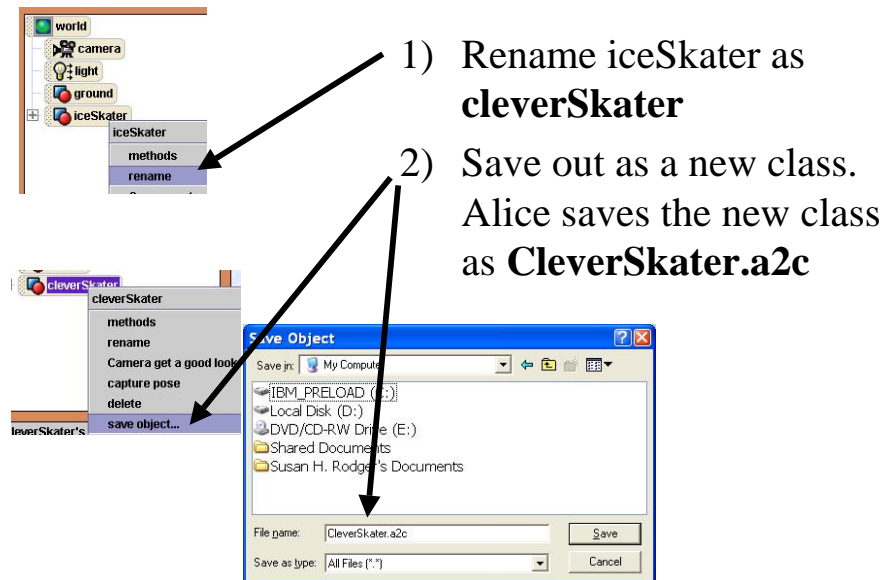
Do Together
 move skater forward 2 meters
Do in order
 slide on left leg
 slide on right leg



Question

- Writing methods to make ice skater perform a skating motion – intricate task
- Would like to reuse these new methods in another world
- How can you make *skate* method available for an ice skater in a different world?

Answer: Save out as a new class



Inheritance

- The CleverSkater class
 - **inherits** all the properties and methods from the original IceSkater class
 - has newly defined methods (*skate*, *slideLeft*, *slideRight*)
- In other programming languages, the concept of creating a new class based on a previously defined class is called **inheritance**

Using CleverSkater

- An instance of the CleverSkater class can be added to a new world



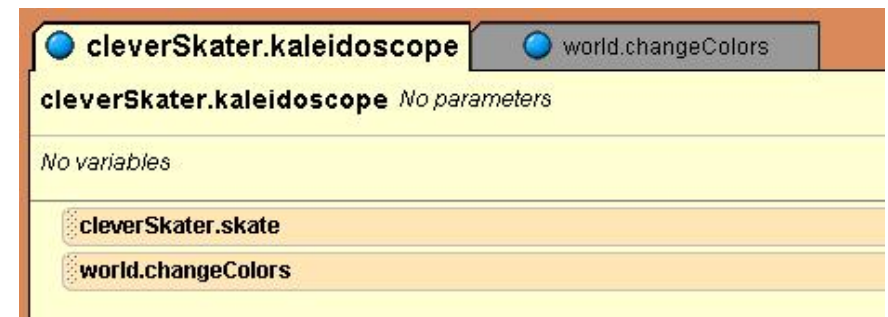
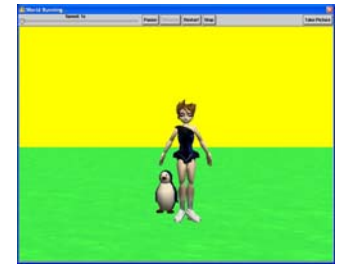
Benefits of Inheritance

- Inheritance supports
 - Reuse of program code
 - Programmer writes code once
 - Use code later in different programs
 - Sharing code with others on a team project

Guidelines

- To avoid misuse of class level methods
 - Avoid references to other objects
 - Avoid calls to world-level methods
 - Play a sound only if the sound has been imported and saved out as part of the new class
- If these guidelines are not followed and an instance of the new class is added to another world
 - Alice will open an Error dialog box to tell you something is wrong

Bad Example 1



Bad Example 2



Problem

- What if you were convinced you needed to write a class-level method where another object is involved?
- For example, a method for ice skater to skate around another object – here a penguin



Solution

- Class-level method with object parameter

cleverSkater.skateAround

Parameter: *whichObject*

Do in order

Do together

cleverSkater turn to face *whichObject*

cleverSkater lift right leg

cleverSkater move to *whichObject*

cleverSkater turn around *whichObject*

Translating Design into Code

- Most of skateAround storyboard easy to code
- Last two steps, require more thought
 - cleverSkater move to whichObject
 - What distance should cleverSkater move?
 - cleverSkater turn around whichObject
 - How do we tell cleverSkater to turn (in a circle) around another object?

Built-in Functions (or questions)

- The built-in function *distance to*
 - used to determine the distance the skater must move



Calling the function

- Code to move skater to *whichObject*



Oops, skater will collide with penguin!

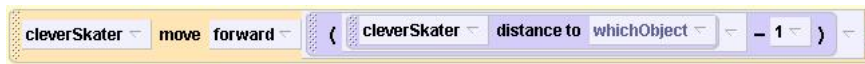
Distance between two objects is measured center-to-center



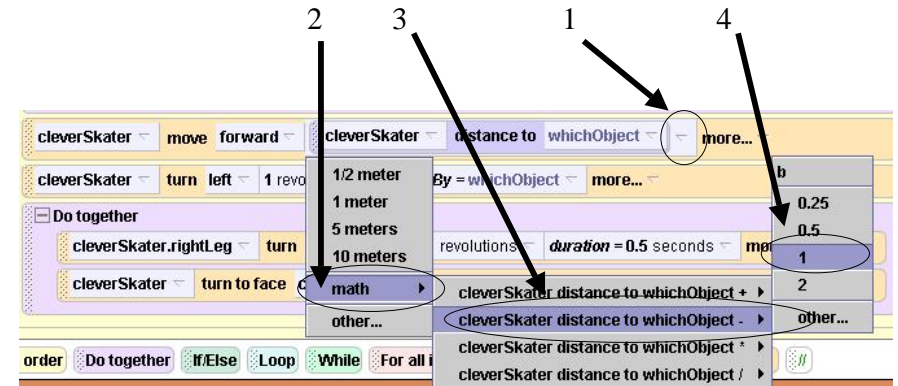
Expressions

- To avoid collision
 - Use math operator to create an expression that adjusts the distance
- Math operators in Alice

addition +	subtraction -
multiplication *	division /
- Example:



How to put in an Expression



Result:



Result

Stops **before** penguin



Skates **around** penguin



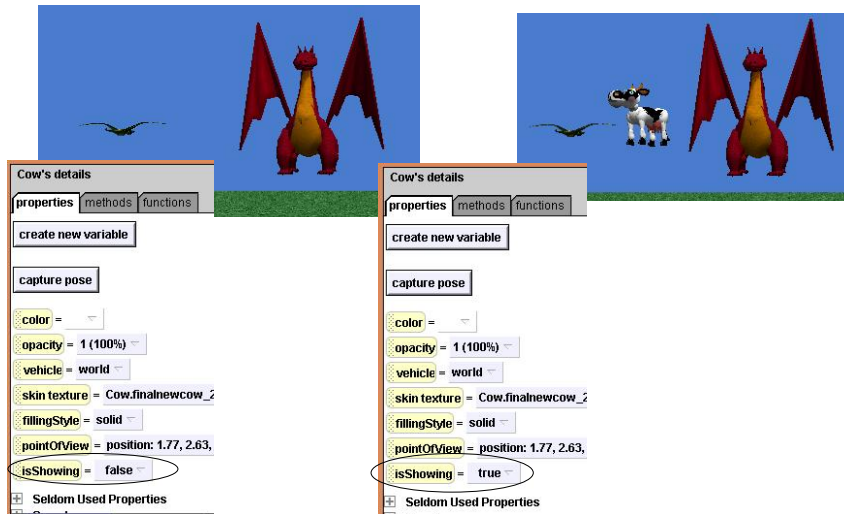
asSeenBy

- For skater to skate around another object
 - Pass *whichObject* as an argument to *asSeenBy* parameter in turn instruction



More on AsSeenBy

- Use invisible object (isShowing set to false) to have objects fly around in a circle



Testing

- Each time you create a new class, test it!
 - Add an instance of new class to new world
 - Write a short test program
 - Test each new method
- Testing increases your confidence in the ability to reuse your code in other worlds

Classwork today create a new class example



crouching



pouncing



walking



turn and smile

Classwork today



- Create a new class
 - Inherit from another class that has 4 limbs
 - Create at least four new methods
 - One of the new methods should invoke one of the other new methods
- Create a second new class inherited from another object
 - with at least 4 methods
 - At least two of the methods must have a parameter
 - Use AsSeenBy and isShowing each in some method (not necessarily the same method)
- Save out new classes and read into another world
- See handout for more details