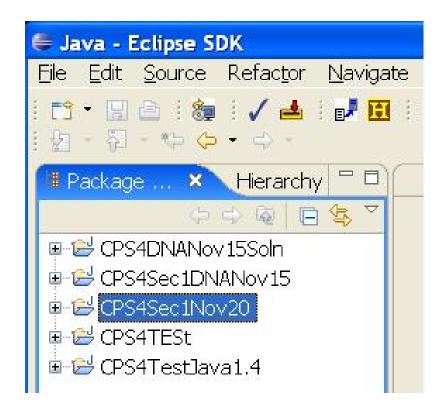
CompSci 4 Java (Part 2) Nov 20, 2007

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Announcements

- Assignment 7
 - Storyboard due Nov 27
 - Alice world due Nov 29
- More APT's
 - String parts, Arrays

Review from last time

- What is Eclipse?
 - Environment to aid you in writing Java code
 - Create one project for each classwork
 - Put each new class in that same project
- What is an APT?
 - Tester for one method at a time
- Submit project (all classes for that day) with Ambient

Review Strings

- String word = "CompSci 4";
- word.length() returns length of string
- word.toCharArray() returns string as an array of characters
- word.charAt (5) returns character at position 5
- Loop over characters in a string
 for (char ch: word.toCharArray)

More on Strings

- word.indexOf("Sci")
 - Returns first position of "Sci" in word or -1 if not in word
- word.substring(4,6);
 - Returns string that starts at position 4, goes up to but not including position 6 and is of length
- word.substring(4)
 - Returns string that starts at position 4 til the end of the string
- word = word + " rocks";
 - Build a string append to the right end

Print out a value

• System.out.println(*string value*);

• Prints out on one line

Example

```
String course = "CompSci 4 Spring 2006";
System.out.println(course);
int pos = course.index0f("Spring");
String part1 = course.substring(0, pos);
String part2 = course.substring(pos+6);
course = part1 + "Fall" + part2;
System.out.println(course);
```

if – else if - else

- Can have as many "else if" as you want
- else is optional
- First case that is true is executed

• See example on next page, what happens when num=3? num=6? num=10?

What is output for values of num?

```
if (num > 8)
    System.out.println(num);
else if (num > 5)
    System.out.println(num);
else
    System.out.println(num);
```

Arrays

- Parameter: double [] numbers
 - Means an array of doubles
 - Name of array is numbers
- Loop over items in an array collections loop

```
for (double num: numbers)
{
    // do something with num
    // num is one item at a time from numbers
}
```

Arrays – (loop if Java 1.4)

- Parameter: double [] numbers
 - Means an array of doubles
 - Name of array is numbers
- Loop over items in an array

```
for (int k = 0; k< numbers.length; k ++)
{
    // do something with numbers[k]
    // kth double in array numbers
}</pre>
```

Note length applied to arrays – no parens

Array Example

• Find max number, assume at least one number in the array

```
public class MaxInArrayTest {
  public double MaxInArray (double [] numbers)
      double max = numbers[0];
      for (double num: numbers)
          if (num > max)
              max = num;
      return max;
```

Array Example (loop if Java 1.4)

• Find max number, assume at least one number in the array

Problem: DNA Max

- Given an array of DNA strands and a nucleotide (a, c, g, or t)
- Return the strand with the most occurences of the nucleotide
- If there is more than one strand with the max number, return the longest such strand

Example

- Given array
- ["agt", "aagt", "taattt", ccatg"]
- Given nucleotide "a"
- Returns "taattt"
- "a" appears 2 times max in a strand
- Longest such strand is "taattt"

Solve this problem in Eclipse

- What steps do we do?
- What do we already know how to do?

Classwork today – More APTs

- Test java methods using APT
- Create one new Java project called CPS4Sec1Nov20 for all classwork
- Create three new classes based on APT problems
 - test with APT
 - Class and methods must be spelled exactly as shown
- Submit the project for grading under today's date

Classwork Problems see sheets on APT page for more detail

- Class: DNAComplement
 - Name of method: complement
 - Build and return a new string with complements
- Class: DNAReverse
 - Name of method: reverse
 - Build and return a new string that is the reverse
- Class: LongStrand
 - Name class: longest
 - Return string with most nucleotides