Announcements

- Midterm exam next Thursday
  - Closed book, closed notes, closed neighbor
  - Chaps 1-2, Chaps 4, 6, html
  - Will give you an old exam to work on over the weekend, then review next Tuesday
- Assignment 4 storyboard due today
  - Alice world due Thursday

What we will do today

- Lecture on Chap 6, Sec 1 - Functions
- Classwork

Functionality

- A function
  - Receives value(s)
  - Performs computation on value(s)
  - Returns (sends back) a value
Types of functions

- The type of a function depends on the type of value it returns
  - a calculated value (a number)
  - a specific object
  - a color
  - etc.

Built-in functions

- Used one of Alice’s built-in functions
  – `skateAround` method for the `cleverSkater`

- Let’s look at another example.

Example

- Move ball to within 1 meter of net, then bounce ball over the net.
  – Bounce - Ball should move up and forward, then down and forward

Move Ball to 1 meter from Net

- Use “distance to” function and math
Height

- Can use the built-in height function to determine the height of the net and move the ball up that distance.

Demo – what happens?

Rolling the ball

- How do we roll the ball along the ground?
- Want a realistic motion rather than a slide.
- The ball must simultaneously move and roll.
- The ball must roll “as seen by” ground.
- The ball and ground must face the same direction.

Demo: A first attempt

- The ball is made to roll 1 revolution.
- What if we want the ball to roll a certain distance?
- How can we make the ball roll the correct number of revolutions to cover a given distance along the ground?

Revising the Approach
Number of Revolutions

• The number of revolutions depends on the size of the ball
  – The number of revolutions is \( \frac{\text{distance}}{\Pi \times \text{diameter}} \)

• There is no built-in function to return the number of revolutions
  – Must write it!

Parameters

• We want to return the value computed as Distance / \( \Pi \times \text{diameter} \)
  where \( \Pi = 3.14 \ldots \)

• Obviously, what is needed
  – The ball’s diameter
    • The ball object has a built-in width function
  – The distance the ball is to travel
    • Can be sent as a parameter to the function

\textit{numberOfRevolutions} function

\begin{verbatim}
def numberOfRevolutions(distance):
    Pi = 3.14
    revolutions = distance / (Pi * toyball.width)
    return revolutions
\end{verbatim}

Demo: Calling the function

This is a test value

• Run the animation with several test values
• Make sure it works as expected
• What happens if you use a negative value?
• Add a parameter for distance
NowBall roll to net?

- Difficult…
- ToyBall turn to face TennisNet and roll, what happens?

Levels of functions

- As with methods, you can write functions as either class-level or world-level. (what was the function we just wrote?)
- Guidelines for class-level methods apply to class-level functions:
  - No references to other objects
  - No references to world-level functions
  - Built-in world-level functions are ok

Classwork today