

## **Creating Nanostructures through Self- and Directed Assembly**

Paul S. Weiss, Departments of Chemistry and Physics, The Pennsylvania State University, University Park, PA 16802-6300, USA

We use intermolecular interactions and selective chemistry to direct molecules into desired positions to create nanostructures, to connect functional molecules to the outside world, and to serve as test structures for measurements of single or bundled molecules. Interactions within and between molecules can be measured, understood and exploited at unprecedented scales. We look at how these interactions influence the chemistry, dynamics, structure, and other properties. Such interactions can be used to advantage to form precise molecular assemblies, nanostructures, and patterns. These nanostructures can be taken all the way down to atomic-scale precision or can be used at larger scales. We select molecules to choose the intermolecular interaction strength and the structures formed within the film. We selectively test hypothesized mechanisms for electronic switching by varying molecular design, chemical environment, and measurement conditions to enable or to disable functions and control of these molecules with predictive and testable means. Critical to understanding these variations has been developing the means to make tens to hundreds of thousands of independent single-molecule measurements in order to develop sufficiently significant statistical distributions, comparable to those found in ensemble-averaging measurements, while retaining the heterogeneity of the measurements.